

**RESOLUTION NO. 2012-99**

**A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ELK GROVE  
ADOPTING THE AMENDED FISCAL YEAR 2011-12 INVESTMENT POLICY**

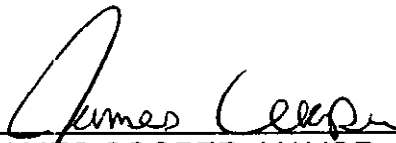
**WHEREAS**, Government Code Section 53646 (a)(2) provides that cities may annually review their investment policies, and that any change to the policy shall be considered by the legislative body at a public meeting; and

**WHEREAS**, the City Council of the City of Elk Grove wishes to update the City's investment policy by which the City Treasurer shall administer the City's investment program; and

**WHEREAS**, the City Council of the City of Elk Grove wishes to continue to designate the Finance Director (currently titled Director of Finance and Administrative Services) as City Treasurer, and as the administrator for the City's investment program.

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** that the City Council of the City of Elk Grove hereby adopts the amended investment policy for the Fiscal Year 2011-12 attached as Exhibit A and incorporated herein by reference.

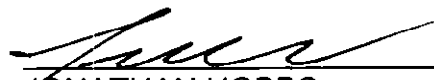
**PASSED AND ADOPTED** by the City Council of the City of Elk Grove this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of May 2012.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
JAMES COOPER, MAYOR of the  
CITY OF ELK GROVE

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
JASON LINDGREN, CITY CLERK

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
JONATHAN HOBBS,  
INTERIM CITY ATTORNEY

**CITY OF ELK GROVE**



**INVESTMENT POLICY**  
Fiscal Year 2011-2012

# CITY OF ELK GROVE

## INVESTMENT POLICY

### **I. PURPOSE**

This statement is intended to provide guidelines for the prudent investment of the City's surplus money in its treasury (hereinafter "Investment Cash") and to outline policies for maximizing the efficiency of the City's Investment Cash management system. The ultimate goal is to enhance the economic status of the City while protecting its pooled Investment Cash.

### **II. POLICY**

It is the policy of the City of Elk Grove to invest public funds in a manner which will provide a sound investment return with maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the entity and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The City of Elk Grove's investment policy has three objectives: (1) protect principal, (2) provide for liquidity needs, and (3) obtain the most reasonable rate of return possible within the first two objectives. The City operates its investment activities under the "prudent investor" standard (see discussion below). This affords a broad spectrum of investment opportunities so long as the investment is deemed prudent and is permissible under current state and local law.

### **III. SCOPE**

This investment policy applies to all liquid financial assets of the City of Elk Grove.

### **IV. PRUDENT INVESTOR STANDARD**

The City Council and all persons authorized to make investment decisions on behalf of the City are trustees and therefore fiduciaries subject to the prudent investor standard. When investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, a trustee shall act with care, prudence, and diligence considering existing circumstances, general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the City, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the City. Within the limitations of this section and considering individual investments as part of an overall strategy, investments may be acquired as authorized by law.

It is the City's full intent, at the time of purchase, to hold all investments until maturity to ensure the return of all invested principal dollars. However, it is realized that market prices of securities will vary depending on economic and interest rate conditions at any point in time. It is further recognized, that in a well diversified investment portfolio, occasional measured losses are inevitable due to economic, bond market or individual security credit analysis. These occasional losses must be considered within the context of the overall investment program objectives and the resultant long term rate-of-return.

The City Treasurer and other individuals assigned to manage the investment portfolio, acting within the intent and scope of the investment policy and other written procedures and exercising due diligence, shall be relieved of personal responsibility and liability for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely manner and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

## **V. OBJECTIVES**

The City's cash management system is designed to accurately monitor and forecast expenditures and revenues, thus enabling the City to invest Investment Cash to the fullest extent possible. The City strives to obtain the most reasonable yield possible as long as investments meet the criteria for safety and liquidity.

### **Safety**

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments of the City shall be undertaken in a manner which seeks to ensure the preservation of principal in the overall portfolio. To attain this objective, diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio. Risk associated with an investment refers to the potential loss of principal, interest or a combination of both. The City shall seek to preserve principal by mitigating the two types of risk - credit risk and market risk.

Credit risk - Defined as the risk of loss due to failure of the issuer of a security. Credit risk shall be mitigated by investing in investment grade securities and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the failure of any one issuer does not unduly harm the City's cash flow.

Market Risk - Defined as market value fluctuations due to overall changes in the general level of interest rates. Market risk shall be mitigated by limiting the weighted average maturity of the City's investment portfolio to three and one-half years, the maximum maturity of any one security to five years, and structuring the portfolio based on historic and current cash flow analysis eliminating the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

### **Liquidity**

The City's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated. This goal shall be achieved by maintaining a prudent portion of the City's portfolio in liquid, short-term instruments which can readily be converted to cash if necessary.

### **Return on Investment**

The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a sound rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, commensurate with the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio. The City will attempt to obtain the most reasonable yield possible when selecting an investment, provided the criteria for safety and liquidity are met.

## **VI. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY**

In accordance with California Government Code Section 53607, the Elk Grove City Council has authorized the City Treasurer to invest on behalf of the City, to manage the City's investment program consistent with this investment policy, and to maintain a system of internal controls to regulate the activities of subordinate officials.

## **VII. PUBLIC TRUST**

All participants in the investment process shall act as custodians of public funds. Investment officials shall recognize that the investment portfolio is subject to public review and evaluation.

The overall program shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism that is worthy of the public trust. In a diversified portfolio it must be recognized that occasional measured losses are inevitable, and must be considered within the context of the overall portfolio's investment return, provided that adequate diversification has been implemented.

## **VIII. ETHICS AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that conflicts with proper execution of the investment program, or impairs their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Additionally the City Treasurer (Finance Director) and other key finance personnel are required to annually file applicable financial disclosures as required by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC).

## **IX. QUALIFIED BROKER/DEALERS**

The City shall transact business only with qualified banks, savings and loans, and broker/dealers. Investment staff shall investigate dealers who wish to do business with the City to determine that they are adequately capitalized, have no pending legal action against the firm or the individual broker and that they participate in markets appropriate to the City's needs.

The City shall send a copy of the current investment policy to all broker/dealers approved to do business with the City. Confirmation of receipt of this policy shall be considered evidence that the dealer understands the City's investment policies and intends to sell the City only appropriate investments authorized by this investment policy.

## **X. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS**

Investment of City funds is governed by the California Government Code Sections 53600 et. seq. Within the context of code limitations, the following investments and their respective additional limitations are authorized:

1. United States Treasury Bills, Bonds, and Notes are those for which the full faith and credit of the United States are pledged for payment of principal and interest. There is no percentage limitation of the portfolio which can be invested in this category.

2. Federal Agency or United States government-sponsored enterprise obligations, participations or other instruments issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), the Federal Farm Credit System (FFCB), the Federal Home Loan Bank Board (FHLB), the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (FHLMC) whose principal and interest is fully guaranteed by federal agencies or United States government-sponsored enterprises. There is no percentage limitation of the portfolio which can be invested in this category.

3. Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which is a State of California managed investment pool may be used up to the maximum permitted by California State Government Code, Title 2, Division 4, Part 2, Chapter 2, Article 11, commencing with section 16429.1.

Investments detailed in items 4 through 11 are further restricted to a maximum of 15 percent of the City's Investment Cash in any one issuer name. A five year maximum maturity limitation is applicable unless further restricted by this policy.

4. Shares of Beneficial Interest issued by a Joint Powers Authority, including the Investment Trust of California, CalTRUST which is a Joint Powers Authority managed investment pool permitted as an investment type by California State Government Code, Section 6500 and 6509.7. The city can invest in this category, provided the City is a member of the Joint Powers Authority and therefore a voting member. Each of the Short Term, Medium Term or Long Term Account managed by CalTRUST is an eligible investment. Investments in any one fund or in the aggregate of this investment type, shall not exceed 30% of the City's investment portfolio.

5. Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by commercial banks, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances. Bankers' acceptances purchased may not exceed 180 days to maturity or 40% of the City's Investment Cash.

6. Commercial paper of "prime" quality of the highest ranking or of the highest letter and numerical rating as provided for by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard and Poor's Corporation, or Fitch Ratings. Purchases of eligible commercial paper may not exceed 270 days to maturity nor represent more than 10% of the outstanding paper of the issuing corporation.

7. Negotiable certificates of deposit issued by nationally or state chartered banks or state or federal savings institutions. Purchases of negotiable certificates of deposit may not exceed 30% of the City's Investment Cash. Investment in any one institution may not exceed more than 5% of the City's Investment Cash.

8. Repurchase agreements which specify terms and conditions may be transacted with banks and broker/dealers. The maturity of the repurchase agreements shall not exceed 90 days. The market value of the securities used as collateral for the repurchase agreements shall be monitored by the investment staff and shall not be allowed to fall below 102% of the value of the repurchase agreement. A Master Repurchase Agreement must be executed with the bank or dealer prior to investing in a Repurchase Agreement.

9. Reverse repurchase agreements which specify terms and conditions may be transacted with broker/dealers and financial institutions but can not exceed 20% of the portfolio value on the date entered into.

10. Time deposits, non negotiable and collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code, may be purchased through banks or savings and loan associations. Since time deposits are not liquid, no more than 25% of the investment portfolio may be invested in this investment type. Investment in any one institution may not exceed more than 5% of the City's Investment Cash.

11. Medium Term Corporation Notes, with a maximum maturity of five years may be purchased. Securities eligible for investment shall be rated A/A2/A or better by at least one of either Moody's, Standard & Poor's or Fitch Ratings, respectively. Purchase of medium term notes may not exceed 30% of the City's Investment Cash and no more than 15% of the City's Investment Cash may be invested in notes issued by one corporation. Commercial paper holdings, as identified by item 6 in this section, should also be included when calculating the 15% limitation.

12. Shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies (Money market and mutual funds) may have no more than 10% of total assets in any one mutual fund

investing in instruments as authorized above. Various daily cash funds administered for or by trustees, paying agents and custodial banks contracted by the City of Elk Grove may be purchased as allowed under State of California Government Code. Only funds holding U.S. Treasury or government agency obligations can be utilized.

Ineligible investments, those that are not described herein, including but not limited to, common stocks or long term (over five years in maturity) notes and bonds, are prohibited from use in this portfolio.

## **XI. INVESTMENT POOLS/MUTUAL FUNDS**

Government sponsored pools and money market mutual funds are excellent short-term cash management facilities. These pools/funds can provide safety, liquidity and yield in a single investment instrument. In addition, these funds provided additional diversity in that each share of the fund is a composite of the funds entire portfolio of various maturity lengths, asset classes and specific investments.

## **XII. COLLATERALIZATION**

Collateralization shall be required on two types of investments:

1. Certificates of Deposit in excess of the amount federally insured, and
2. Repurchase agreements.

For Certificates of Deposit in excess of the amount federally insured, the general collateralization level shall be 110% of the amount invested. If the security used for collateral is a mortgage backed security, the collateralization level shall be 150% of the amount invested (government code sec. 53652).

For repurchase agreements, the collateralization level shall be at least 102% of the market value of the agreement.

The collateral shall be held by an independent third party with whom the entity has a current custodial agreement and the right of collateral substitution is granted. In order to conform with the provisions of the Federal bankruptcy code which provides for liquidation of securities held as collateral, the only securities acceptable as collateral shall be certificates of deposit, commercial paper, eligible bankers' acceptances, medium term notes or securities that are the direct obligations of, or are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States or any agency of the United States.

## **XIII. SAFEKEEPING AND CUSTODY**

All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the City shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis, and shall be delivered to the City or the City's designated custodian upon receipt of payment by the City.

All securities that may be purchased, including collateral for repurchase agreements, shall be held by a third party custodian designated by the Treasurer. These securities shall be held in the City's name and control and third party custody shall be evidenced by safekeeping receipts. The third party custodian shall send the City, on a monthly basis, a statement of what is safe-kept and this statement shall be reconciled to the City's record on a monthly basis. Securities held in

custody for the City shall be independently audited on an annual basis to verify investment holdings.

#### **XIV. DIVERSIFICATION INVESTMENT**

The City's investment portfolio shall be diversified to avoid incurring unreasonable and avoidable risks with regard to specific investment types. Within investment types, the City shall also maintain a mix of securities to avoid concentrations within individual financial institutions, geographic areas, industry types and maturity dates.

#### **XV. MAXIMUM MATURITIES**

To the extent possible, the City of Elk Grove shall attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City shall not directly invest in securities maturing more than 5 years from the date of purchase.

#### **XVI. INTERNAL CONTROL**

The City Treasurer shall conduct an annual review of the investment program. This process may include testing of the investment program by the City's external auditor to determine the extent of compliance with the Investment Policy.

All wire transfers initiated by the Finance Department will be confirmed to the appropriate financial institution. Proper documentation obtained from confirmations and cash disbursement wire transfers is required for each investment transaction. Timely bank reconciliations are conducted to ensure proper handling of all transactions.

#### **XVII. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**

The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a sound rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

#### **XVIII. PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY**

The investment program shall seek to attain returns consistent with the intent of this policy, identified risk limitations and prudent investment principals. These objectives shall be achieved by use of the following strategies:

##### **Active Portfolio Management**

Through active fund and cash-flow management taking advantage of current economic and interest rate trends, the portfolio yield may be enhanced with limited and measurable increases in risk by extending the weighted maturity of the City's Investment Cash.

##### **Portfolio Maturity Management**

When structuring the maturity composition of the portfolio, the city shall evaluate current and expected interest rate yields and necessary cash flow requirements. It is recognized that in normal market conditions longer maturities produce higher yields. However, the securities with longer maturities also experience greater price fluctuations when the level of interest rates change.



**Security Swaps**

The City may take advantage of security swap opportunities to improve the overall portfolio yield. A swap which improves the portfolio yield may be selected even if the transactions result in an accounting loss. Documentation for swaps shall be included in the City's permanent investment file documents.

**XIX. PERIODIC TREASURY REPORTS**

The City Treasurer shall review and render monthly reports to the City Manager and City Council which shall include the par value and cost of the investment, the type of investment, the name of the issuer, the coupon rate of interest, the maturity date, and the current market value.

**XX. LEGISLATIVE CHANGES**

Any State of California legislative action, that further restricts allowable maturities, investment type or percentage allocations, shall be incorporated into the City of Elk Grove's Investment Policy and shall supersede any and all previous applicable language.

**XXI. INTEREST EARNINGS**

All interest earned and collected from investments authorized in this policy shall be allocated monthly to all pooled cash funds based on the cash balance in each fund as a percentage of the entire pooled portfolio.

**XXII. LIMITING MARKET VALUE EROSION**

It is the general policy of the City to limit the potential effects from erosion in market values by adhering to the following guidelines:

- All immediate and anticipated liquidity requirements shall be addressed prior to purchasing investments.
- Maturity dates for investments shall coincide with significant cash flow requirements, where possible, to assist with cash requirements at maturity.
- All securities shall be purchased with the intent to hold all investments to maturity. However, economic or market conditions may change, making it in the City's best interest to sell or trade a security prior to maturity.

**XXIII. STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT POLICY**

The City of Elk Grove's Investment Policy shall be adopted by Resolution of the City Council. This investment policy shall be reviewed at least annually to ensure its consistency with the overall objectives of preservation of principal, liquidity and yield, and its relevance to current law and financial and economic trends. Any amendments to the policy shall be forwarded to the City Council for approval.

**XXIV. GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

**Bankers' Acceptance (BA)** - A draft or bill or exchange accepted by a bank or trust company. The accepting institution guarantees payment of the bill, as well as the issuer.

**Broker** - A broker brings buyers and sellers together for a commission.

**Certificate of Deposit** – A time deposit with a specific maturity evidenced by a certificate. Large-denomination CD's are typically negotiable. CD's may be eligible for FDIC insurance.

**Collateral** - Securities, evidence of deposit or pledges to secure repayment of a loan. Also refers to securities pledged by a bank to secure deposit of public moneys.

**Custody** - A banking service that provides safekeeping for the individual securities in a customer's investment portfolio under a written agreement which also calls for the bank to collect and pay out income, to buy, sell, receive and deliver securities when ordered to do so by the principal.

**Delivery vs. Payment (DVP)** - Delivery of securities with a simultaneous exchange of money for the securities.

**Diversification** - Dividing investment funds among a variety of securities offering independent returns and risk profiles.

**Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB)** - Government sponsored wholesale banks which lend funds and provide correspondent banking services to member commercial banks, thrifty institutions, credit unions and insurance companies. The mission of the FHLBs is to liquefy the housing related assets of its members who must purchase stock in their district Bank.

**Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)** – The FHLMC was created under the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Act, Title III of the Emergency Home Finance Act of 1970 as a stockholder owned government-sponsored enterprise. Freddie Mac, as the corporation is called, is charged with providing stability and assistance to the secondary home mortgage market by buying first mortgages and participation interests and reselling these securities in the form of guaranteed mortgage securities. Although agency obligations are not explicitly guaranteed by the federal government, the rating agencies believe that in the unlikely event of financial difficulties, the federal government will support the agency to the extent necessary to provide for full and timely payment on their securities.

**Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA)** - FNMA, like GNMA was chartered under the Federal National Mortgage Association Act in 1938. FNMA is a federal corporation working under the auspices of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). It is the largest single provider of residential mortgage funds in the United States. Fannie Mae, as the corporation is called, is a private stockholder-owned corporation. The corporation's purchases include a variety of adjustable mortgages and second loans, in addition to fixed-rate mortgages. FNMA's securities are also highly liquid and are widely accepted. FNMA assumes and guarantees that all security holders will receive timely payment of principal and interest.

**Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA)** – Securities influencing the volume of bank credit guaranteed by GNMA and issued by mortgage bankers, commercial banks, savings and loan associations and other institutions. Security holder is protected by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government. Ginnie Mae securities, are backed by the FHA, VA, or FmHA mortgages. The term "pass-throughs" is often used to describe Ginnie Maes.

**Interest Rate** - The annual yield earned on an investment, expressed as a percentage.

**Liquidity** - Refers to the ability to rapidly convert an investment into cash with minimal risk of losing some portion of principal and/or interest.

**Master Repurchase Agreement** - A written contract covering all future transactions between the parties to repurchase and/or reverse repurchase agreements that establish each party's rights in the transactions. A master agreement will offer specify, among other things, the right of the buyer-lender to liquidate the underlying securities in the event of default by the seller-borrower.

**Maturity** - The date upon which the principal or stated value of an investment becomes due and payable.

**Money Market** - The market in which short-term debt instruments (bills, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, etc.) are issued and traded.

**Prudent Investor** - An investment standard. In some states the law requires that a fiduciary, such as a trustee, may invest money only a list of securities selected by the custody state - the so-called legal list. In other states the trustee may invest in a security if it is one which would be brought by a prudent person of discretion and intelligence who is seeking a reasonable income and preservation of capital.

**Rate of Return** - The yield obtainable on a security based on its purchase price or its current market price. This may be the amortized yield to maturity on a bond or the current income return.

**Repurchase Agreement (RP or REPO)** - A holder of securities sells these securities to an investor with an agreement to repurchase them at a fixed price on a fixed date. The security "buyer" in effect lends the "seller" money for the period of the agreement, and the terms of the agreement are structured to compensate him for this. Dealers use RP extensively to finance their positions. Exception: When the Fed is said to be doing RP, it is lending money, that is, increasing bank reserves.

**Reverse Repurchase Agreement (Reverse REPO)** - A transaction where the seller (City) agrees to buy back from the buyer (bank) the securities at an agreed upon price after a stated period of time.

**Risk** - Degree of uncertainty of return on an asset.

**Treasury Bills** - A non-interest bearing discount security issued by the U.S. Treasury to finance the national debt. Most bills are issued to mature in three months, six months, or one year.

**Treasury Bonds** - Long-term coupon-bearing U. S. Treasury securities issued as direct obligations of the U. S. Government and having initial maturities of more than ten years.

**Treasury Notes** - Medium-term coupon-bearing U. S. Treasury securities issued as direct obligations of the U. S. Government and having initial maturities from two to ten years.

**Yield** - The rate of annual income return on an investment, expressed as a percentage. It is obtained by dividing the current dollar income by the current market price of the security.

**Yield to Maturity** - The rate of income return on an investment, minus any premium or plus any discount, with the adjustment spread over the period from the date of purchase to the date of maturity of the bond, expressed as a percentage.

(Place on letterhead, sign, and return to City)

### Investment Firm Certification Form

As an authorized representative of the undersigned firm, I hereby certify that our firm has received a copy of the City of Elk Grove's Investment Policy, has read it, and will work within the guidelines of the policy when conducting business with, and providing services to the City.

All employees of the firm dealing with the City of Elk Grove have been and will be routinely informed of the City's investment objectives, policies, risk constraints and other pertinent factors.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Authorized Representative

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**CERTIFICATION**  
**ELK GROVE CITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 2012-99**

STATE OF CALIFORNIA            )  
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO        )        ss  
CITY OF ELK GROVE             )


*I, Jason Lindgren, City Clerk of the City of Elk Grove, California, do hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was duly introduced, approved, and adopted by the City Council of the City of Elk Grove at a regular meeting of said Council held on May 23, 2012 by the following vote:*

**AYES :**        **COUNCILMEMBERS:**        *Hume, Davis, Detrick, Scherman*

**NOES:**       **COUNCILMEMBERS:**        *None*

**ABSTAIN :**   **COUNCILMEMBERS:**        *None*

**ABSENT:**     **COUNCILMEMBERS:**        *Cooper*

  
**Jason Lindgren, City Clerk**  
**City of Elk Grove, California**